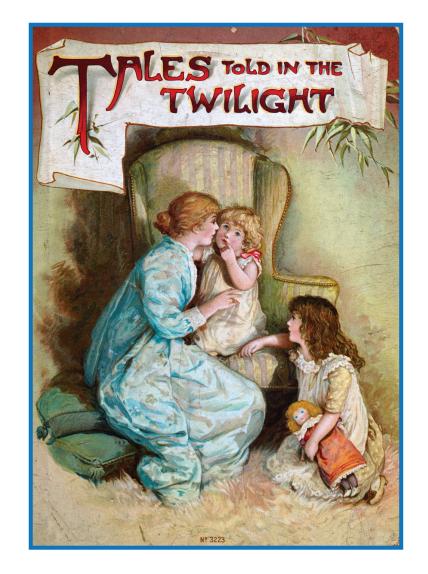
Narratives: Fairy Tales

Fairy tales have been shared for hundreds of years.

They were often oral stories passed on from one generation to the next.

Some early authors wrote down their versions of the tales.

Later writers retold some of the earlier stories in their own ways.



Charles Perrault

One of the earliest authors to write down popular tales of the time. He lived about 400 years ago!



Charles Perrault 1628 - 1703





The Tales of Mother Goose

The Brothers Grimm

The two brothers, Wilhelm and Jacob Grimm published their first volume of folk tales in 1812. It was a collection of popular traditional stories called 'Grimms Fairy Tales'. They published around 200 stories in their lifetimes.



Wilhelm Grimm 1786 - 1859 Jacob Grimm 1785 - 1863

Little Red Riding Hood

The Elves and the Shoemaker

The Frog Prince

SNOW WHITE

Hans Christian Andersen

A Danish author who wrote many of today's most well-loved fairy tales. Many of his stories have been adapted for the screen as animated movies.



Hans Christian Anderson 1805 - 1875

THE LITTLE MERMAID Thumbelina The Little Match Girl The Princess and the Pea The Ugly Duckling The Emperor's New Clothes Study*ladder*

Narratives: Retelling Fairy Tales

Rewrite a famous fairy tale in your own way.

Choose a fairy tale that you know quite well. Think about the characters and the plot.

Re-write the tale, making some changes to the story.

For example, you could change the ending, or you could write the story from the perspective of one of the characters.

Writing Structure:

Orientation:

Opening paragraph to introduce the setting and characters.

Body:

Series of paragraphs telling the story, the conflicts that arise and the way the characters resolve the problems.

Conclusion:

A paragraph that concludes the story and may comment on any moral lessons in the story.